
10G SFP+ SR 850nm 300M LC MMF Fiber Optic Transceiver



Applications

• 10GBASE-SR/SW 10G Ethernet

Features

- Up to 11.1Gbps Data Links
- 850nm VCSEL transmitter, PIN photo-detector
- Metal enclosure, for lower EMI
- Electrical interface compliant to SFF-8431
- Power dissipation < 1W
- •2-wire interface for management
- Specifications compliant with SFF 8472
- Compliant with SFP+ MSA with LC connector
- Single 3.3V power supply
- Case operating temperature range: 0°C to +70°C

STANDARD

- Compliant with SFF-8472 SFP+ MSA.
- Compliant to SFP+ SFF-8431
- Compliant to 802.3ae 10GBASE-SR.
- RoHS Compliant.

Description

7213010 10G SFP+ SR compatible SFP+ transceiver supports up to 400m link lengths over OM4 MMF (300m over OM3 MMF) via an LC duplex connector. Digital diagnostics monitoring is available via a 2-wire serial interface, as specified in SFF-8472. Each SFP+ transceiver module is individually tested to be used on a series of Cisco switches, routers, servers, network interface card (NICs) etc. Featuring low power consumption, high speed, this 10G SFP+ transceiver is ideal for data center, enterprise wiring closet, service provider transport application, Radio & Baseband Unit, etc

Main product parameters					
Form Factor	SFP+	Vendor Name	Zion Communication		
Wavelength	850nm	Max Cable Distance 1	300m on OM3 MMF		
Max Cable Distance 2	400m on OM4 MMF	Connector type	Duplex LC		
Fiber cable Type	MMF	Max Data Rate	10 Gbps		
Transimitter Type	VCSEL	Receiver Type	PIN		
Transmit Power	-7.3~-1 dBm	Receiver sensitivity	- 11.1 dBm		
Power Consumption	≤0.6W	Extinction Ratio	> 3.0 dB		
DDM	Supported	Operating Temp.	0°C to 70°C (32°F to 158°F)		

Detailed product specifications

1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit	Ref.
Maximum Supply Voltage	VCC	-0.5		4.7	V	
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40		85	°C	
Case Operating Temperature	Tcase	-5		70	°C	

2 Electrical Characteristics (Tcase = -5 to 70°C, VCC = 3.14 to 3.46Volts)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit	Ref.
Supply Voltage	Vcc	3.14	3.3	3.46	V	
Supply Current	Icc			300	mA	
Transmitter						
Input differential impedance	Rin		100		Ω	1
Single ended data input swing	Vin,pp	180		700	mV	
Transmit Disable Voltage	VD	Vcc-1.3		Vcc	V	
Transmit Enable Voltage	VEN	Vee		Vee+ 0.8	V	2
Transmit Disable Assert Time				10	us	
Receiver						
Differential data output swing	Vout,pp	300		850	mV	3
Data output rise time	tr	28			ps	4
Data output fall time	tr	28			ps	4
LOS Fault	VLOS fault	Vcc-1.3		VccHOST	V	5
LOS Normal	VLOS norm	Vee		Vee+0.8	V	5
Power Supply Rejection	PSR	100			mVpp	6

Notes:

^{1.} Connected directly to TX data input pins. AC coupled thereafter. 2. Or open circuit.

^{3.} Into 100 ohms differential termination.

^{4.} These are unfiltered 20-80% values

^{5.} Loss Of Signal is LVTTL. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates no signal detected.

^{6.} Receiver sensitivity is compliant with power supply sinusoidal modulation of 20 Hz to 1.5 MHz up to specified value applied through the recommended power supply filtering network.

3 Optical Characteristics (Tcase = -5 to70°C, VCC = 3.14 to 3.46 Volts)

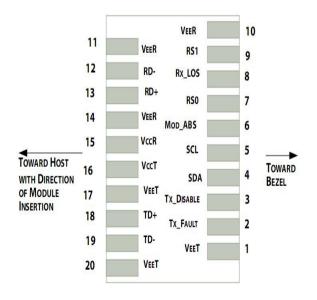
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit	Ref.
Transmitter						
Output Opt. Pwr	POUT	-6		-0.5	dBm	1
Optical Wavelength	λ	840	850	860	nm	
Optical Extinction Ratio	ER	3			dB	
RIN	RIN			-128	dB/Hz	
Output Eye Mask	Compliant with IEEE 0802.3ae					
Receiver						
Rx Sensitivity	RSENS			-10	dBm	2
Input Saturation Power (Overload)	Psat	0.5			dBm	
Wavelength Range		770	850	860	nm	
LOS De-Assert	LOSD			-14	dBm	
LOS Assert	LOSA	-30			dBm	
LOS Hysteresis		0.5			dB	

Notes

 $1. {\sf Class}\ 1$ Laser Safety per FDA/CDRH and IEC-825-1 regulations.

With worst-case extinction ratio. Measured with a PRBS 2^{31} -1 test pattern, @10.325Gb/s, BER< 10^{-12} .

4 Pin Descriptions



5 Transceiver Block Diagram

Pin	Symbol	Name/Description	NOTE
1	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1
2	T _{FAULT}	Transmitter Fault.	2
3	T _{DIS}	Transmitter Disable. Laser output disabled on high or open.	3
4	SDA	2-wire Serial Interface Data Line	4
5	SCL	2-wire Serial Interface Clock Line	4
6	MOD_ABS	Module Absent. Grounded within the module	4
7	RS0	Rate Select 0	5
8	LOS	Loss of Signal indication. Logic 0 indicates normal operation.	6
9	RS1	No connection required	1
10	V _{EER}	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
11	V _{EER}	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
12	RD-	Receiver Inverted DATA out. AC Coupled	
13	RD+	Receiver Non-inverted DATA out. AC Coupled	
14	V _{EER}	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
15	V _{CCR}	Receiver Power Supply	
16	V _{CCT}	Transmitter Power Supply	
17	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1
18	TD+	Transmitter Non-Inverted DATA in. AC Coupled.	
19	TD-	Transmitter Inverted DATA in. AC Coupled.	
20	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1

Note

^{1.} Circuit ground is internally isolated from chassis ground.

^{2.}TFAULT is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a $4.7k\Omega-10~k\Omega$ resistor on the host board if intended for use. Pull up voltage should be between 2.0V to Vcc + 0.3V.A high output indicates a transmitter fault caused by either the TX bias current or the TX output power exceeding the preset alarm thresholds. A low output indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output is pulled to <0.8V.

^{3.}Laser output disabled on TDIS >2.0V or open, enabled on TDIS <0.8V.

^{4.}Should be pulled up with $4.7k\Omega$ - $10k\Omega$ on host board to a voltage between 2.0V and 3.6V. MOD_ABS pulls line low to indicate module is plugged in.

^{5.}Internally pulled down per SFF-8431 Rev 4.1.

^{6.}LOS is open collector output. It should be pulled up with $4.7k\Omega - 10k\Omega$ on host board to a voltage between 2.0V and 3.6V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates loss of signal.

6 Digital Diagnostic Functions

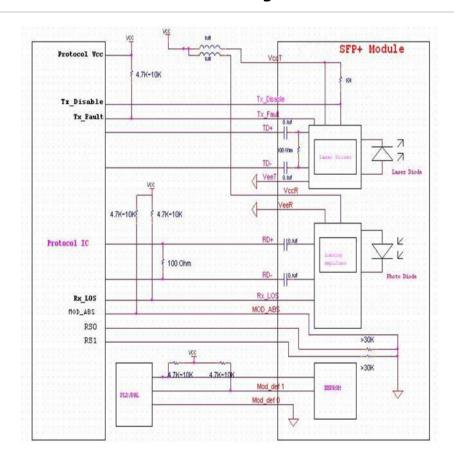
7213010 10G SFP+ SR support the 2-wire serial communication protocol as defined in the SFP+ MSA. The standard SFP serial ID provides access to identification information that describes the transceiver's capabilities, standard interfaces, manufacturer, and other information.

Additionally, Fiberate SFP+ transceivers provide a unique enhanced digital diagnostic monitoring interface, which allows real-time access to device operating parameters such as transceiver temperature, laser bias current, transmitted optical power, received optical power and transceiver supply voltage. It also defines a sophisticated system of alarm and warning flags, which alerts end-users when particular operating parameters are outside of a factory set normal range.

The SFP MSA defines a 256-byte memory map in EEPROM that is accessible over a 2-wire serial interface at the 8 bit address 1010000X (A0h). The digital diagnostic monitoring interface makes use of the 8 bit address 1010001X (A2h), so the originally defined serial ID memory map remains unchanged.

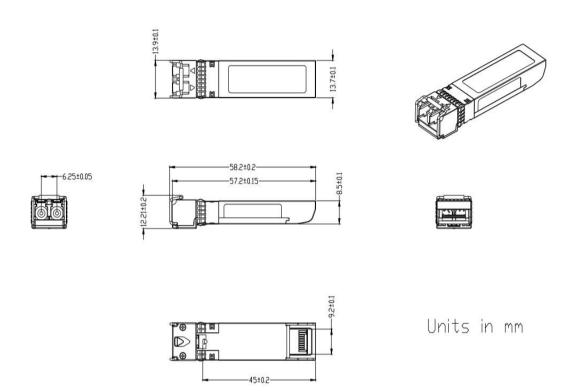
The operating and diagnostics information is monitored and reported by a Digital Diagnostics Transceiver Controller (DDTC) inside the transceiver, which is accessed through a 2-wire serial interface. When the serial protocol is activated, the serial clock signal (SCL, Mod Def 1) is generated by the host. The positive edge clocks data into the SFP transceiver into those segments of the E2PROM that are not write-protected. The negative edge clocks data from the SFP transceiver. The serial data signal (SDA, Mod Def 2) is bi-directional for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The memories are organized as a series of 8-bit data words that can be addressed individually or sequentially.

7 Host - Transceiver Interface Block Diagram



8 Outline Dimensions

Comply to SFF-8432 rev5.0, the improved Pluggable form factor specification.



9 Regulatory Compliance

Feature	Reference	Performance	
Electrostatic discharge (ESD)	IEC/EN 61000-4-2	Compatible with standards	
Electromagnetic Interference (EMI)	FCC Part 15 Class B EN 55022 Class B (CISPR 22A)	Compatible with standards	
Laser Eye Safety	FDA 21CFR 1040.10, 1040.11 IEC/EN 60825-1, 2	Class 1 laser product	
Component Recognition	IEC/EN 60950, UL	Compatible with standards	
ROHS	2002/95/EC	Compatible with standards	
EMC	EN61000-3	Compatible with standards	